FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 125

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR NASHEED.

Pre-filed January 8, 2013, and ordered printed.

0665S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 168.221 and 168.291, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to employment of school personnel.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 168.221 and 168.291, RSMo, are repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 168.221, to read as follows: 168.221. 1. The first five years of employment of all teachers entering the employment of the metropolitan school district shall be deemed a period of probation during which period all appointments of teachers shall expire at the end of each school year. During the probationary period any probationary teacher whose work is unsatisfactory shall be furnished by the superintendent of schools with a written statement setting forth the nature of his **or her** incompetency. If improvement satisfactory to the superintendent is not made within one semester after the receipt of the statement, the probationary teacher shall be dismissed. The semester granted the probationary teacher in which to improve 10 shall not in any case be a means of prolonging the probationary period beyond five years and six months from the date on which the teacher entered the employ 11 of the board of education. The superintendent of schools on or before the fifteenth 12day of April in each year shall notify probationary teachers who will not be 13 retained by the school district of the termination of their services. Any 14 probationary teacher who is not so notified shall be deemed to have been 15 appointed for the next school year. Any principal who prior to becoming a 16 principal had attained permanent employee status as a teacher shall upon 17 ceasing to be a principal have a right to resume his or her permanent teacher 18 position with the time served as a principal being treated as if such time had

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20 been served as a teacher for the purpose of calculating seniority and pay 21 scale. The rights and duties and remuneration of a teacher who was formerly a 22 principal shall be the same as any other teacher with the same level of 23 qualifications and time of service.

- 2. After completion of satisfactory probationary services, appointments of teachers shall become permanent, subject to removal for any one or more causes herein described and to the right of the board to terminate the services of all who attain the age of compulsory retirement fixed by the retirement system. In determining the duration of the probationary period of employment in this section specified, the time of service rendered as a substitute teacher shall not be included.
- 31 3. No teacher whose appointment has become permanent may be removed 32 except for one or more of the following causes: immorality, incompetency or inefficiency in line of duty, violation of the published regulations of the school 33 34 district, violation of the laws of Missouri governing the public schools of the state, or physical or mental condition which incapacitates him for instructing or 35 36 associating with children, and then only by a vote of not less than a majority of 37 all the members of the board, upon written charges presented by the 38 superintendent of schools, to be heard by the board after thirty days' notice, with 39 copy of the charges served upon the person against whom they are preferred, who 40 shall have the privilege of being present at the hearing, together with counsel, offering evidence and making defense thereto. [Notifications received by an 41 42 employee during a vacation period shall be considered as received on the first day 43 of the school term following.] At the request of any person so charged the hearing 44 shall be public. During any time in which powers granted to the district's board of education are vested in a special administrative board, the special 45 administrative board may appoint a hearing officer to conduct the hearing. The 46 hearing officer shall conduct the hearing as a contested case under chapter 536 47 and shall issue a written recommendation to the board rendering the charges 48 49 against the teacher. The board shall render a decision on the charges upon the review of the hearing officer's recommendations and the record from the 50 hearing. The action and decision of the board upon the charges shall be 51 final. Pending the hearing of the charges, the person charged may be suspended 53 if the rules of the board so prescribe, but in the event the board does not by a majority vote of all the members remove the teacher upon charges presented by 54 55 the superintendent, the person shall not suffer any loss of salary by reason of the

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suspension. **Incompetency or** inefficiency in line of duty is cause for dismissal only after the teacher has been notified in writing at least [one semester] **thirty days** prior to the presentment of charges against him by the superintendent. The notification shall specify the nature of the **incompetency or** inefficiency with such particularity as to enable the teacher to be informed of the nature of his **or her incompetency or** inefficiency.

- 4. No teacher whose appointment has become permanent shall be demoted nor shall his **or her** salary be reduced unless the same procedure is followed as herein stated for the removal of the teacher because of inefficiency in line of duty, and any teacher whose salary is reduced or who is demoted may waive the presentment of charges against him by the superintendent and a hearing thereon by the board. The foregoing provision shall apply only to permanent teachers prior to the compulsory retirement age under the retirement system. Nothing herein contained shall in any way restrict or limit the power of the board of education to make reductions in the number of teachers or principals, or both, because of insufficient funds, decrease in pupil enrollment, or abolition of particular subjects or courses of instruction, except that the abolition of particular subjects or courses of instruction shall not cause those teachers who have been teaching the subjects or giving the courses of instruction to be placed on leave of absence as herein provided who are qualified to teach other subjects or courses of instruction, if positions are available for the teachers in the other subjects or courses of instruction.
- 78 5. Whenever it is necessary to decrease the number of teachers because 79 of insufficient funds or a substantial decrease of pupil population within the 80 school district, the board of education upon recommendation of the superintendent of schools may cause the necessary number of teachers beginning 81 82 with those serving probationary periods to be placed on leave of absence without pay, but only in the inverse order of their appointment. Nothing herein stated 83 shall prevent a readjustment by the board of education of existing salary 84 schedules. No teacher placed on a leave of absence shall be precluded from 85 86 securing other employment during the period of the leave of absence. Each 87 teacher placed on leave of absence shall be reinstated in inverse order of his or 88 her placement on leave of absence. Such reemployment shall not result in a loss 89 of status or credit for previous years of service. [No new appointments shall be 90 made while there are available teachers on leave of absence who are seventy 91 years of age or less and who are adequately qualified to fill the vacancy unless

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92 the teachers fail to advise the superintendent of schools within thirty days from the date of notification by the superintendent of schools that positions are 93 available to them that they will return to employment and will assume the duties 94 95of the position to which appointed not later than the beginning of the school year 96 next following the date of the notice by the superintendent of schools | Such leave of absence shall not impair the tenure of a teacher. The leave of 97 98 absence shall continue for a period of not more than three years unless extended by the board. 99

- 6. If any regulation which deals with the promotion of teachers is amended by increasing the qualifications necessary to be met before a teacher is eligible for promotion, the amendment shall fix an effective date which shall allow a reasonable length of time within which teachers may become qualified for promotion under the regulations.
- 7. A teacher whose appointment has become permanent may give up the 106 right to a permanent appointment to participate in the teacher choice compensation package under sections 168.745 to 168.750.

[168.291. Whenever it is necessary to decrease the number of employees because of insufficient funds or decrease in pupil enrollment or lack of work the board of education may cause the necessary number of employees, beginning with those serving probationary periods, to be placed on leave of absence without pay, but only in the inverse order of their appointment. Each employee placed on leave of absence shall be reinstated in inverse order of his placement on leave of absence. Such reemployment shall not result in a loss of status or credit for previous periods of service. No new appointments shall be made while there are available employees on leave of absence who have not attained the age of seventy years and who are adequately qualified to fill the vacancy in the particular department unless the employees fail to advise the board within thirty days from date of notification by the board that positions are available to them, that they will return to employment, and will assume the duties of the position to which they are appointed not later than the beginning of the month following the date of the notice by the board.